Serial No.: 09/839,643 Filed: April 20, 2001

Office Action Mailing Date: March 24, 2008

Examiner: Nguyen, Camtu Tran

Group Art Unit: 3772 Attorney Docket: 34948

## In the Claims:

1-48. (Cancelled)

49. (Previously presented) A method of decreasing blood pressure in a heart,

comprising:

implanting a shunt with a valve element, between a left atrium and a right

atrium of the heart.

50. (Previously presented) The method of claim 49 wherein said implanting

includes deploying a tubular element having two ends and two fixation elements

disposed at said two ends respectively.

51. (Previously presented) The method of claim 49, comprising allowing an

amount of blood suitable to substantially reduce blood pressure in the left atrium, to

flow from said left atrium to said right atrium via said shunt when the pressure

differential between said left atrium and said right atrium reaches a threshold.

52-58. (Cancelled)

59. (Currently amended) A shunt for decreasing blood pressure in a heart,

comprising:

a valve suitable for operation implanting between chambers of a heart a left

atrium and a right atrium of the heart, adapted to in which the valve opens only when

a pressure level between opposite ends of the valve is above a threshold pressure

greater than a normal pressure level over the cardiac cycle between the left atria and

the right atria of a normal heart.

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(Currently amended) A shunt according to claim 59, wherein the valve is

(Currently amended) A shunt according to claim 59, wherein the valve is

adapted to allows passage of blood therethrough throughout the cardiac cycle.

adapted to be shaped suitable for implanted implantation in an internal wall of the

heart.

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62. (Withdrawn) A shunt according to claim 59, wherein the valve is purely

mechanical.

63. (Currently amended) A shunt according to claim 59, wherein the valve is

configured adapted to open under predetermined conditions which do not change

without human intervention.

64. (Previously presented) A shunt according to claim 59, wherein the threshold

has a value such that when a pressure difference between the left and right atriums is

greater than the threshold, the patient is considered suffering from pulmonary edema.

65. (Previously presented) A shunt according to claim 59, wherein the threshold

has a value such that when a pressure difference between the left and right atriums is

greater than the threshold, the patient is considered in an exacerbated state of heart

failure.

66. (Previously presented) A shunt according to claim 59, wherein the valve is

configured to open only when a pressure between the opposite ends of the valve is

between a lower pressure threshold and a higher pressure threshold.

67. (Currently amended) A shunt according to claim 59, comprising a shunt tube

element encompassing the valve.

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68. (Currently amended) A shunt according to claim 67, wherein the shunt tube

element has a diameter of less than 5 mm.

69. (Previously presented) A shunt according to claim 67, wherein the valve is

configured to allow passage of a relatively small volume of blood relative to an

ejection volume of the heart.

70. (Currently amended) A shunt according to claim 67, wherein the shunt tube

element has a length not substantially greater than a thickness of walls between

chambers of the heart.

71. (Previously presented) A shunt according to claim 59, wherein the valve

allows continuous flow of a small amount of blood.

72. (Currently amended) A shunt according to claim 71, comprising a pump

adapted to which induces the continuous flow of blood through the valve.

73. (Currently amended) A shunt according to claim 59, wherein the valve is

adapted to opens gradually.

74. (Previously presented) A shunt according to claim 59, wherein the valve is

configured to close after the pressure level between opposite ends of the valve reduces

by a predetermined value.

75. (Previously presented) A shunt according to claim 59, wherein the conditions

which cause opening of the valve are adjustable from outside a patient's body when

the shunt is implanted in the patient's heart.

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- 76. (Previously presented) A shunt according to claim 59, comprising at least one fixation element connected to the valve and adapted to be fixed to the heart.
- 77. (Previously presented) A shunt according to claim 76, wherein the at least one fixation element comprises at least two fixation elements.
- 78. (Previously presented) A shunt according to claim 77, wherein the valve is located in a tube and wherein a first one of the fixation elements is located on a first end of the tube and a second one of the fixation elements is located on a second end of the tube.
- 79. (Previously presented) A shunt according to claim 59, wherein the valve comprises a tubular element including at least a flat pivoting plate.
- 80. (Currently amended) A shunt according to claim 59, comprising a pump adapted to for induce inducing flow through the valve when the valve is open.
- 81. (Currently amended) A shunt according to claim 59, comprising an external indicator adapted to for provide providing an indication on a status of the valve.
- 82. (Currently amended) A shunt according to claim 81, wherein the external indicator is adapted to indicates when the valve opens.
- 83. (Previously presented) A shunt according to claim 81, wherein the external indicator comprises a display.
- 84. (Currently amended) A method of controlled decreasing of blood pressure in a heart chamber, comprising:

providing a valve adapted to operate within a heart; and

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implanting the valve in a heart between two heart chambers atria, such that the valve opens responsive to a pressure level of an exacerbated state of heart failure but not under normal pressures of systole and diastole of a normal heart.

85. (Cancelled)

86. (Previously presented) The method of claim 84, wherein implanting the valve in the heart comprises implanting between a left atrium and a right atrium, such that opening the valve allows flow of blood from the left atrium to the right atrium.

- 87. (Previously presented) The method of claim 84, wherein providing the valve comprises providing a valve configured to open only when the pressure in the left atrium is above a predetermined threshold.
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 87, wherein providing the valve 88. comprises providing a valve configured to open only when the pressure in the left atrium is above 12mmHg.
- 89. (Previously presented) The method of claim 84, wherein implanting the valve comprises implanting in a manner which leads blood to the right ventricle.
- 90. (Previously presented) The method of claim 84, wherein implanting the valve comprises implanting in a septum.
- 91. (Previously presented) The method of claim 84, comprising notifying a physician when the valve opens.
- 92. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 84, wherein the valve is adapted to allows passage of blood therethrough only during diastole.

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93. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 84, wherein providing the valve comprises providing a valve including a signal processing element adapted to for controlling the opening of the valve.

94. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 93, wherein providing the

valve comprises providing a valve including an intra-corporeal electrical battery

configured to power the signal processing element.

95. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 93, wherein providing the

valve comprises providing a valve including an externally coupled energy source

which powers the signal processing element.

96. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 93, wherein the signal

processing element is configured to adaptively change the conditions which cause

opening of the valve.

97. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 84, wherein providing the

valve comprises providing a valve including a sensor adapted to for sense sensing a

state of the heart and wherein the valve is adapted to opens at least partially

responsive to readings of the sensor.

98. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 84, wherein the valve is

configured to open when the heart suffers from an exacerbated absolute arterial

pressure or an exacerbated differential arterial pressure.

99. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 84, wherein the valve is

configured to close after drainage of an amount of blood sufficient to reduce the mean

left atrium pressure by 5mmHg.

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100. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 84, wherein the valve is configured to open responsive to a differential pressure level between its opposite ends.

- 101. (Previously presented) The method of claim 84, wherein implanting the valve comprises implanting in a percutaneous procedure.
- 102. (Previously presented) The method of claim 84, comprising puncturing a transseptal hole and wherein implanting the valve comprises implanting the valve in the transseptal hole.
- 103. (Currently amended) A shunt for installation in a heart, comprising: a valve suitable for operation within between atria of the heart; a sensor adapted to sense a parameter indicative of a state of the heart; and a controller adapted to open the valve at least partially responsive to readings from the sensor.
- 104. (Previously presented) A shunt according to claim 103, wherein the sensor comprises a pressure sensor.
- 105. (Currently amended) A shunt according to claim 104, wherein the controller is adapted to opens the valve when the pressure read by the sensor is above a highest pressure in the left atrium in a normal heart.
- 106. (Previously presented) A shunt according to claim 105, wherein the valve is configured to open when the sensor indicates a pressure above 12mmHg.

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107. (Previously presented) A shunt according to claim 105, wherein the valve is configured to open when the sensor indicates a pressure above 15mmHg.

- (Previously presented) A shunt according to claim 105, wherein the valve is 108. configured to open when the sensor indicates a pressure above 20mmHg.
- (Currently amended) A shunt according to claim 105, wherein the controller is 109. adapted to controls the opening of the valve at least partially responsive to a condition outside the heart.
- 110. (Previously presented) A shunt according to claim 103, wherein at least one parameter or rule governing the opening of the valve by the controller changes adaptively.
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 49, comprising puncturing a 111. transseptal hole and wherein implanting the shunt comprises implanting in the punctured transseptal hole.
- 112. (New) The method of claim 84, wherein implanting the valve in the heart comprises implanting between a first ventricle and a second ventricle.